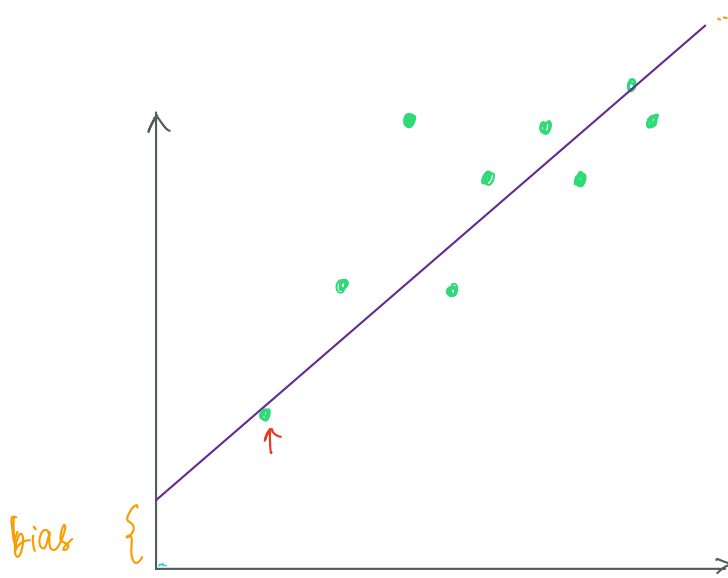
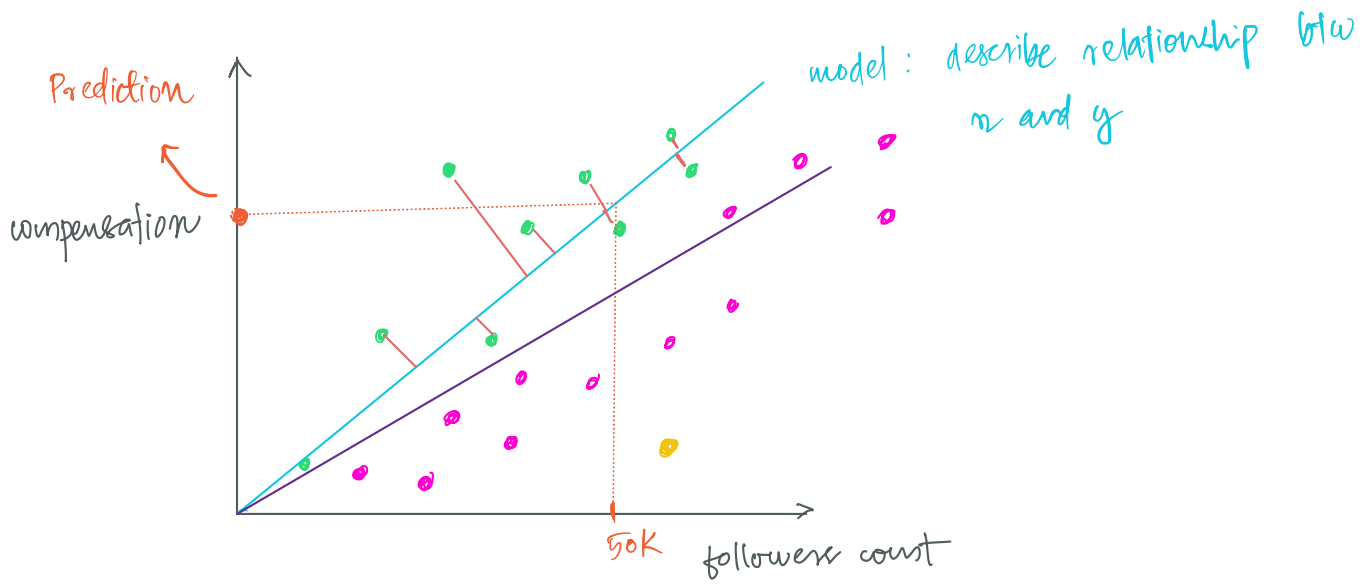


followers count → compensation for posting a brand's content



$$y = mx + c$$

$y$  ↓ output  
 $x$  ↑ input  
 $c$  ↑ constant

$$y = wx + b$$

$y$  ↓ o/p  
 $w$  ↓ weight  
 $x$  ↓ i/p  
 $b$  ↗ bias

Linear Regression :  $y = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots + w_n x_n + b$

$n \rightarrow$  no of features

## Loss

1. Sum of errors :

$$\sum_{(x_i, y) \in D} y - y'$$

$y$  - observation

$y'$  - prediction

2. Sum of absolute Error

$$\sum_{(x_i, y) \in D} |y - y'|$$

3. Mean of sum of absolute error (MAE)

$$L_1 \text{ Loss} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{(x_i, y) \in D} |y - y'|$$

$N \rightarrow$  no. of examples

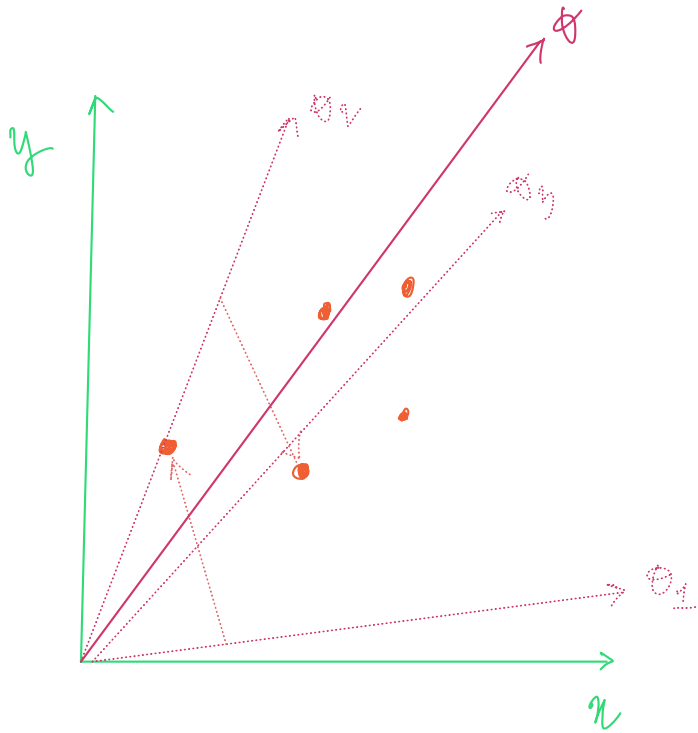
4. Sum of squared error

$$= \sum (y - y')^2$$

5. Mean of sum of squared error = MSE

$$L_2 \text{ Loss} = \frac{1}{N} \sum (y - y')^2$$

$X \longrightarrow Y$

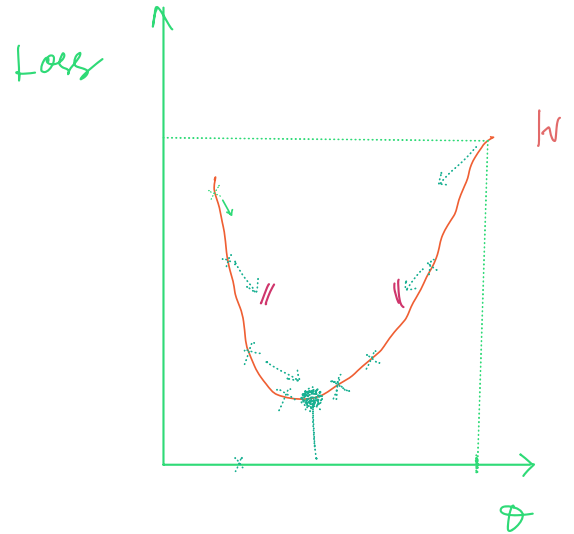


$$y = wx + b$$



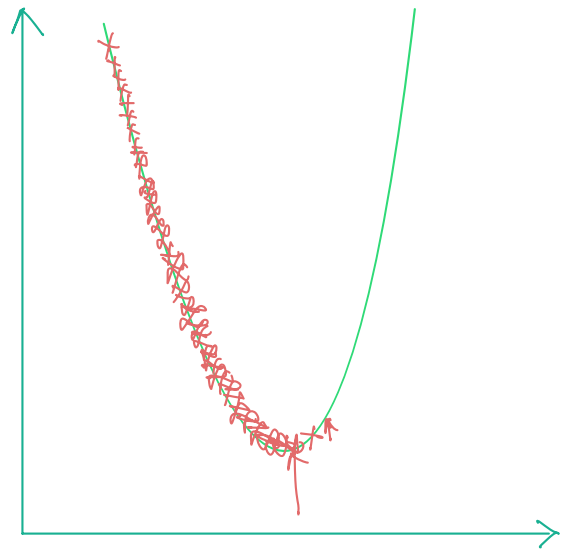
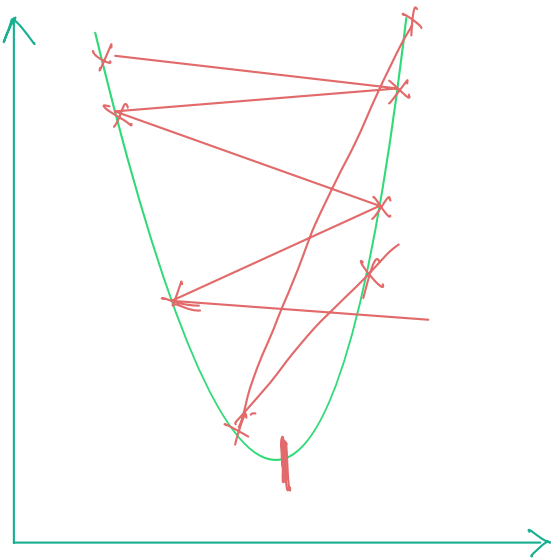
hyperparameter

$$y = \theta x$$



Learning Rate

$\longrightarrow$  Hyperparameter



# Stochastic

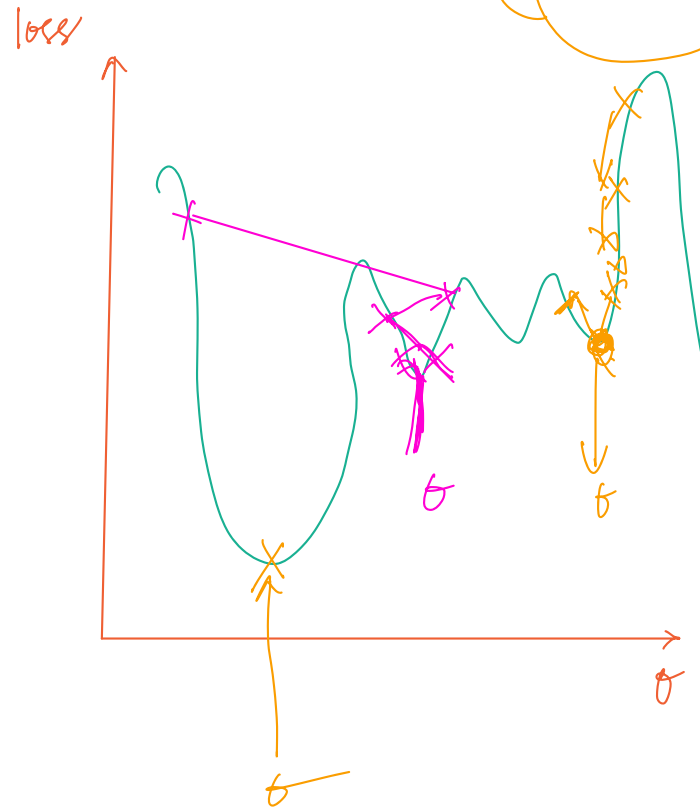
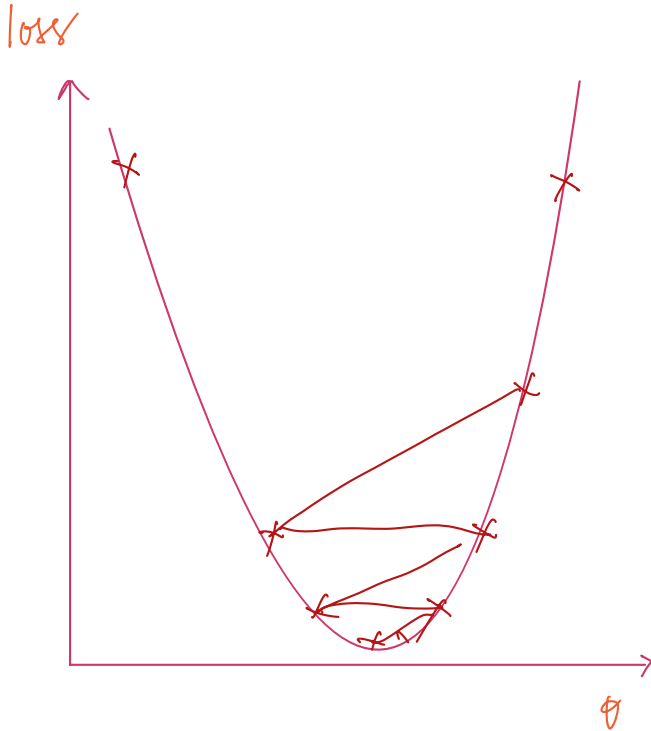
one example at a time

# Mini Batch

10-100

Stochastic  
gradient  
descent

Does it matter where we start?



# Regularisation

Overfitting → High variance

↪  
amount that the prediction will  
change if training data changes.

# Regularisation

Constraining the model complexity

Data Augmentation

1. L1/L2 Regularisation

Add weights to cost calculation

2. Dropout

3. Early stopping

L1 Regularisation

Rmbr

L1 loss - absolute errors

L2 loss - squared errors.

$w = \text{minimise loss} + \text{Regularisation}$

$\text{minimise loss} + \lambda \times \text{Regulariser (Model)}$

↓  
strengths

Linear Regression:

$$y' = \sum_i w_i x_i$$

$$\text{loss} = \sum (y_i - w_i x_i)^2$$

$$w = \arg \min \sum (y_i - w_i x_i)^2$$

LASSO

$$w^{L1} = \arg \min \sum (y - y')^2 + \lambda |w|$$

↳ absolute values of weights

pushes the weights closer to 0

L2 Regularisation

$$w^{L2} = \arg \min \sum (y - y')^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2$$



Ridge Regression

Tuning  $\lambda$  (0 to 1)

too strong  $\rightarrow$  underfit

too small  $\rightarrow$  still overfits

Dropout  $\rightarrow$  will discuss later

Early stopping  $\rightarrow$  discussed earlier

Data augmentation :

create variations of data